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1	Plaintiffs ASUSTeK Computer, Inc. ("ASUSTeK") and ASUS Computer
2	International ("ACI") (collectively "Plaintiffs"), by and through their attorneys, allege as follows:
3	1. This is a civil action arising under the Patent Laws of the United States, 35
4	U.S.C. §§101, et seq., seeking a declaratory judgment that no valid and enforceable claims of
5	United States Patent Nos. 5,809,336 ("'336 patent"); 5,784,584 ("'584 patent"); 5,440,749 ("'749
6	patent"); 6,438,638 ("'638 patent"); and/or 6,976,623 ("'623 patent") (collectively the "patents-
7	in-suit") are infringed by Plaintiffs.
8	<u>PARTIES</u>
9	2. Plaintiff ASUSTeK is a Taiwan corporation with its principal place of
10	business in Taipei, Taiwan, R.O.C.
11	3. Plaintiff ACI is a California corporation with its principal place of business
12	in Fremont, California. ACI is a wholly-owned subsidiary of ASUSTeK.
13	4. Defendant Technology Properties Ltd. ("TPL") is, on information and
14	belief, a California corporation with its principal place of business in Cupertino, California. On
15	information and belief, TPL is a co-owner of certain patents-in-suit.
16	5. Defendant Patriot Scientific Corporation ("Patriot") is, on information and
17	belief, incorporated under the laws of the State of Delaware with its principal place of business in
18	Carlsbad, California. On information and belief, Patriot is a co-owner of certain patents-in-suit.
19	6. MCM Portfolio LLC ("MCM") is, on information and belief, a Delaware
20	limited liability company with its principal place of business in Cupertino, California. On
21	information and belief, MCM is a co-owner of certain patents-in-suit and is owned or controlled
22	by TPL.
23	7. Defendant Alliacense Ltd. ("Alliacense") is, on information and belief, a
24	California corporation with its principal place of business in Cupertino, California. On
25	information and belief, Alliacense is responsible for negotiating possible licenses to the patents-
26	in-suit with third parties, on behalf of TPL.
27	JURISDICTION AND VENUE
28	8. The Plaintiffs file this complaint against TPL, Patriot, MCM and

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PALOALTO 86325 v1 (2K)

Alliacense (collectively "Defendants") pursuant to the patent laws of the United States, Title 35 of the United States Code, with a specific remedy sought based upon the laws authorizing actions for declaratory judgment in the federal courts of the United States, 28 U.S.C. §§ 2201 and 2202.

- 9. This Court has subject matter jurisdiction over this action, which arises under the patent laws of the United States, pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331, 1338(a), and 2201.
- 10. Venue in this District is proper under 28 U.S.C. §§ 1391(b) and (c) and 1400(b) because, on information and belief, Defendants are corporations subject to personal jurisdiction in this District and, on information and belief, TPL, MCM and Alliacense maintain their principal places of business in this District.

INTRADISTRICT ASSIGNMENT

11. Pursuant to Local Rule 3-2(c), because this is an intellectual property case, it may properly be assigned to any division in this judicial district.

EXISTENCE OF AN ACTUAL CONTROVERSY

- 12. There is an actual controversy within the jurisdiction of this Court under 28 U.S.C. §§ 2201 and 2202.
- 13. Beginning in or about late 2005, and continuing thereafter, Alliacense has demanded that Plaintiffs enter into a royalty-bearing license for certain patents-in-suit. Alliacense has claimed that products of Plaintiffs infringe one or more claims of certain patents-in-suit, and has told Plaintiffs that if it does not take a license, it may be subject to substantial liabilities.
- 14. Alliacense has to date provided Plaintiffs with multiple claim charts purporting to describe how many of Plaintiffs' products are allegedly covered by one or more claims of the patents-in-suit. Alliacense has also stated that Plaintiffs' exposure is increasing with each day that it does not obtain a license to certain patents-in-suit. Alliacense has also threatened Plaintiffs' customers, who have turned to Plaintiffs for indemnification.
- 15. Plaintiffs have met with Alliacense several times to discuss a possible license, with the most recent meeting having taken place on Oct. 29, 2007 at ASUSTeK's headquarters in Taipei, R.O.C. During such meetings, Alliacense has consistently demanded that Plaintiffs take a license or risk possible infringement liability. Although Plaintiffs and Alliacense

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paragraphs 1 through 16 and incorporate them by reference.

24. No valid and enforceable claim of the '638 patent is infringed by the

Plaintiffs.

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FIFTH CLAIM

DECLARATORY JUDGMENT REGARDING THE '623 PATENT

- 25. The Plaintiffs hereby restate and reallege the allegations set forth in paragraphs 1 through 16 and incorporate them by reference.
- 26. No valid and enforceable claim of the '623 patent is infringed by the Plaintiffs.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, the Plaintiffs pray for judgment as follows:

- 1. Declaring that no valid and enforceable claim of the patents-in-suit is infringed by the Plaintiffs;
- 2. Declaring that Defendants and each of their officers, employees, agents, alter egos, attorneys, and any persons in active concert or participation with them be restrained and enjoined from further prosecuting or instituting any action against the Plaintiffs claiming that the patents-in-suit are valid, enforceable, or infringed, or from representing that the products or services of the Plaintiffs infringe the patents-in-suit;
- 3. A judgment declaring this case exceptional under 35 U.S.C. § 285 and awarding the Plaintiffs their attorneys' fees and costs in connection with this case;
- 4. Awarding Plaintiffs such other and further relief as the Court deems just and proper.

Dated: February 13, 2008

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ASUS ΓεΚ Computer, Inc. and
ASUS Computer International

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